Understanding the 3D Signature of Biodiversity

ATTICUS STOVALL

Science Pl UMD / NASA GSFC

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What is biodiversity?



Many species?

Functional traits?

What supports biodiversity?



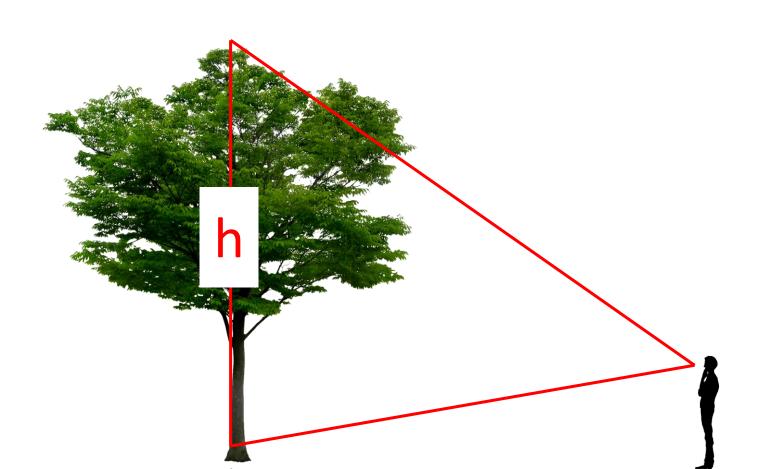
Tree structure is extremely diverse



How do we quantify the structural traits of biodiversity?

Habitat structure is typically quantified with:

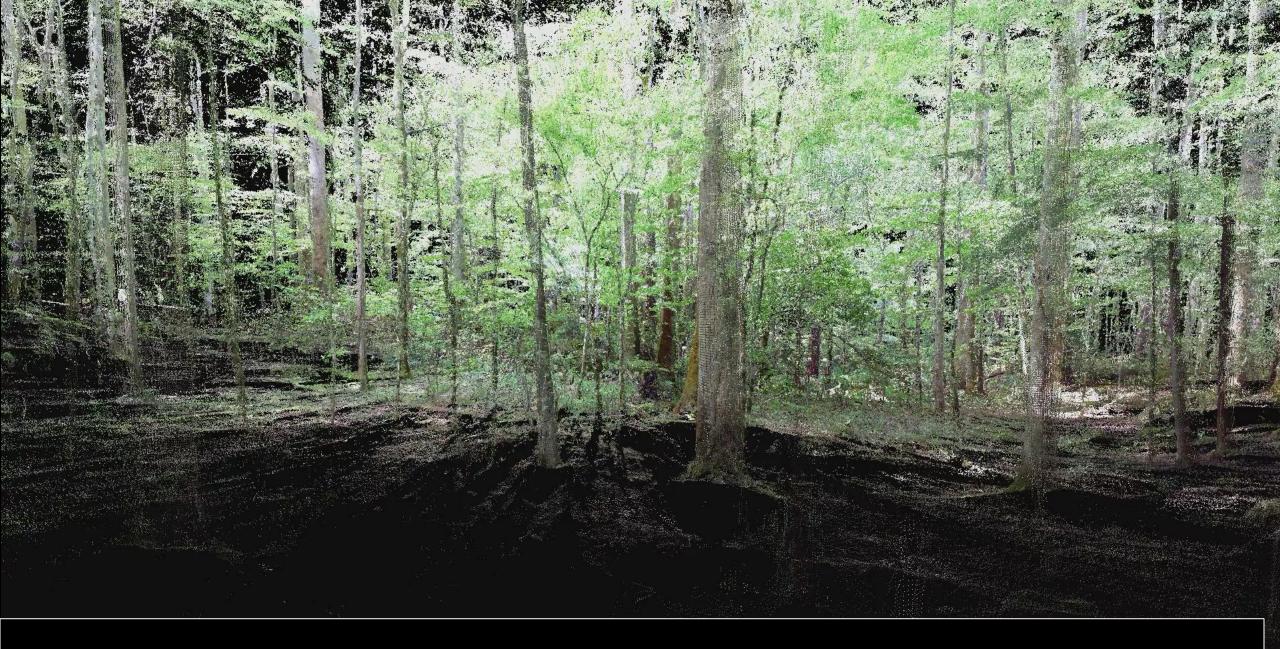
1 Dimensional: Tree Height



Habitat structure is typically quantified with:

2 Dimensional: % Cover





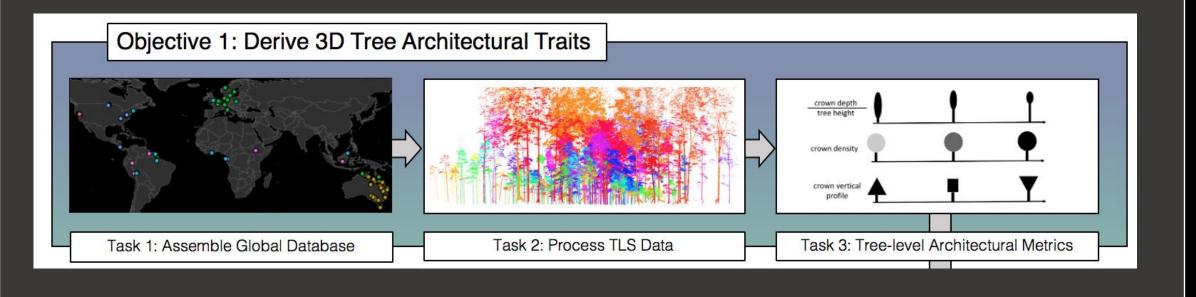
Terrestrial laser scanning brings 3D to biodiversity traits



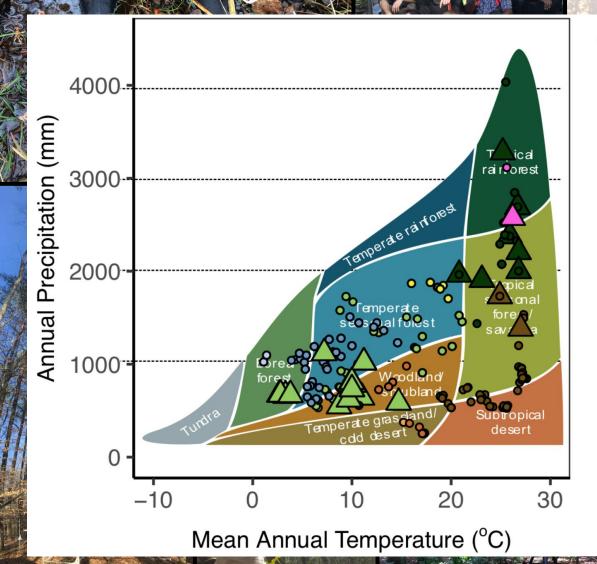
Goal: Better understand the **structural and functional scaling relationships of trees** by quantifying **drivers of tree-level biodiversity traits** for improved characterization of biodiversity.



Develop a **global synthesis of tree-level** architectural **traits** from **Terrestrial Laser Scanning** as key **biodiversity indicators**.



	· · · · · ·	Tim	eline	<u> </u>						_		
	2021	2022				2023				2024		
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Postdoc Hired and Starts Work												
Field Campaign in South Africa												
1. Objective 1 - Develop a global synthesis of tree-level architectural traits for	om Terrestrial	Laser Sca	nning as key	biodiversit	y indicators							
a. Task 1: Assemble global plot-level TLS and inventory metadata datasets.				_					_			
b. Task 2: Systematically process TLS plot data at focal sites												
c. Task 3: Derive tree-level architectural metrics and associated uncertainties												
for species-specific architecture												



#plots	BIC	DME
149		Tropical & Subtropical Moist Broadleaf Forests
456		Temperate Broadleaf & Mixed Forests
207		Temperate Conifer Forests
3		Boreal Forests/Taiga
106		Tropical & Subtropical Grasslands, Savannas & Shrublands
28		Montane Grasslands & Shrublands
6		Tundra
32		Mediterranean Forests, Woodlands & Scrub
6		Deserts & Xeric Shrublands
7		Mangroves
	10.03	

Currently, over <u>1000 TLS plots</u> in our database





TLS Network

- VASA CMS 3D Change
- TERN / JRSRP
- Ghent University
- ✓ University College London
- University of Virginia
- ✓ Wageningen University
- University of Helsinki
- University of Maryland
- National University of Comahue

Campaign Planning

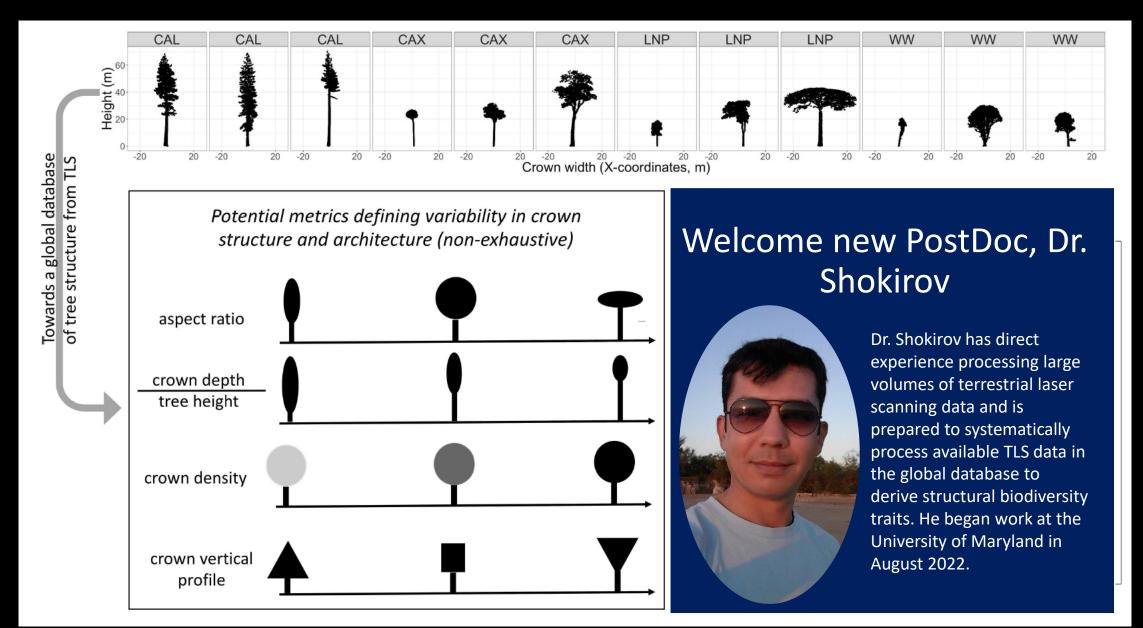


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We have assembled a global dataset

Group 🔺	Name 🔶	Datetime 🖨	Instrument 🖨	Protocol	Area \$	QSM \$	Open
Ghent University	BE_HI_T1	2018-07- 04T00:00:00	RIEGL VZ400	edge_core_transect_100m_5scan	s 0.00	No	contact:kim.calders@ugent.be;Pieter.DeFrei
Ghent University	BE_HI_T2	2018-07- 04T00:00:00	RIEGL VZ400	edge_core_transect_100m_5scan	s 0.00	No	contact:kim.calders@ugent.be;Pieter.DeFrei
Ghent		2018-07-	RIEGL				
40	member	s and	27 in	stitutions h	ave	join	ed the effort

Tree-level Structural Biodiversity Traits (SBTs)



Tree-level Structural Biodiversity Traits (SBTs)

Crown Depth

Tree Height

SBTs

Top-heaviness Aspect ratio Relative Crown Width Crown Area Leaf Area Crown Density Mass Taper Exponent Path Fraction Crown Asymmetry Branching Angle

Traits capturing diversity of tree structure

Diameter -

Crown diameter-

Crown Density

Leaf Area

etc.

We are developing a standardized processing framework for all Co-Is, Collaborators, and GTLS members to apply



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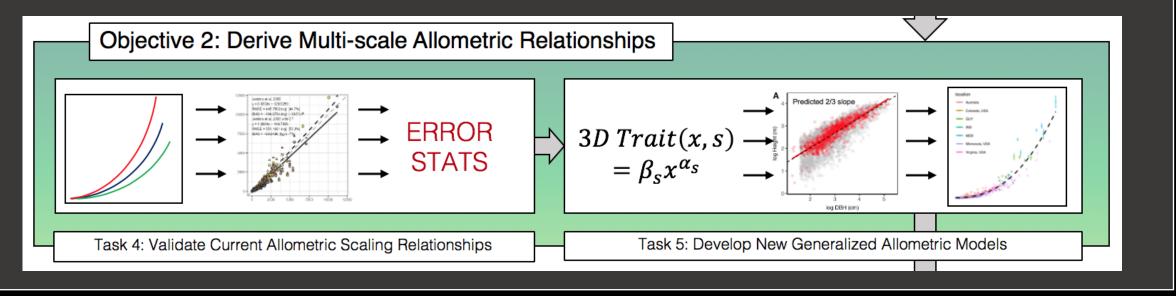
Campaign Planning

Coincident and synergistic with BioSCape

Now, we are planning a field campaign to fill gaps

Group 🔺	Name	Datetime 🖨	Instrument 🖨	Protocol 🔶	Area 🖨	QSM \$	Open
Ghent University	BE_HI_T1	2018-07- 04T00:00:00	RIEGL VZ400	edge_core_transect_100m_5scans	0.00	No	contact:kim.calders@ugent.be;Pieter.
Ghent University	BE_HI_T2	2018-07- 04T00:00:00	RIEGL VZ400	edge_core_transect_100m_5scans	0.00	No	contact:kim.calders@ugent.be;Pieter.
Ghent University	BE_HI_T3	2018-07- 04T00:00:00	RIEGL VZ400	edge_core_transect_100m_5scans	0.00	No	contact:kim.calders@ugent.be;Pieter.
Ghent		2018-07-	RIEGL				

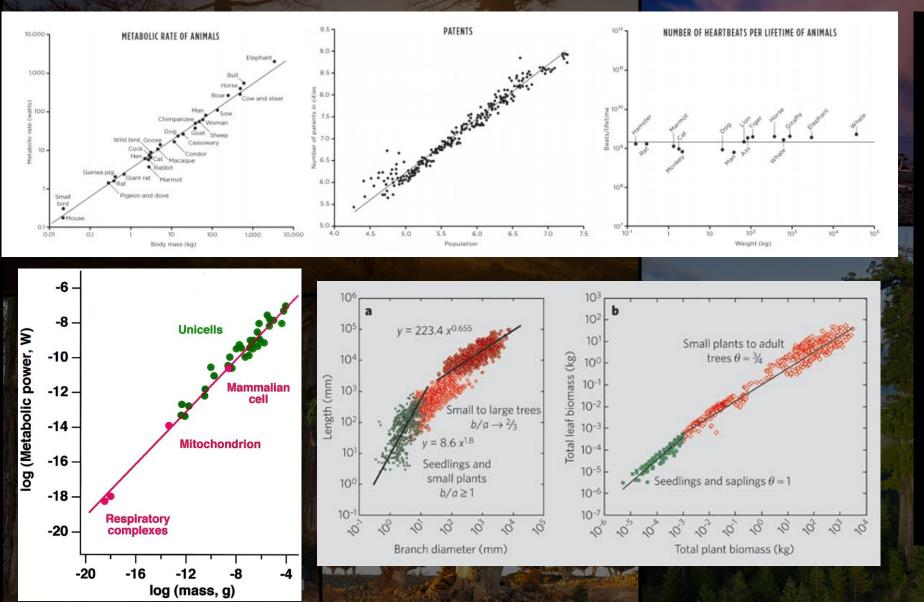
Validate and derive structural and functional scaling relationships from the TLS trait database at the species, site, forest type, ecoregion, and global scale.



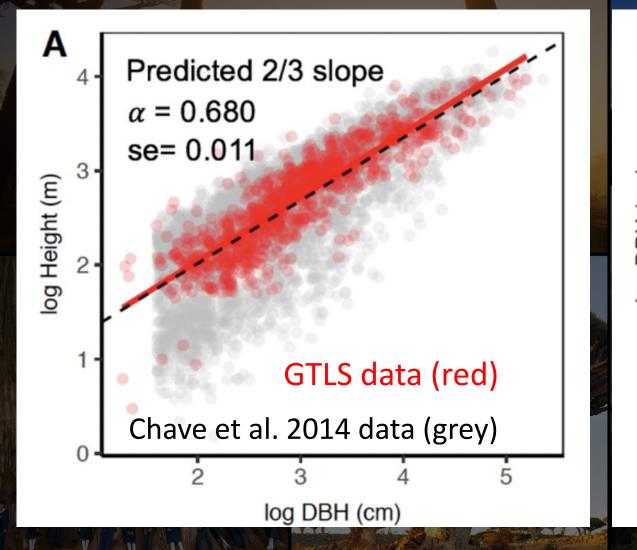
Timeline

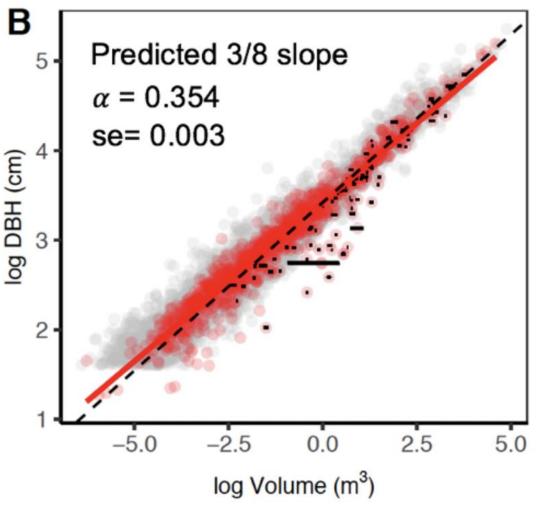
	2021	2022				2023				2024		
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Postdoc Hired and Starts Work												
Field Campaign in South Africa												
2. Objective 2 - Validate and derive structural and functional scaling relationships from the TLS trait database at the species, site, forest type, ecoregion, and global scale.												
a. Task 4: Validate and quantify errors in allometric scaling relationships												
b. Task 5: Develop new allometric models at local to global scale.												

How can this trait data inform allometric scaling theory?

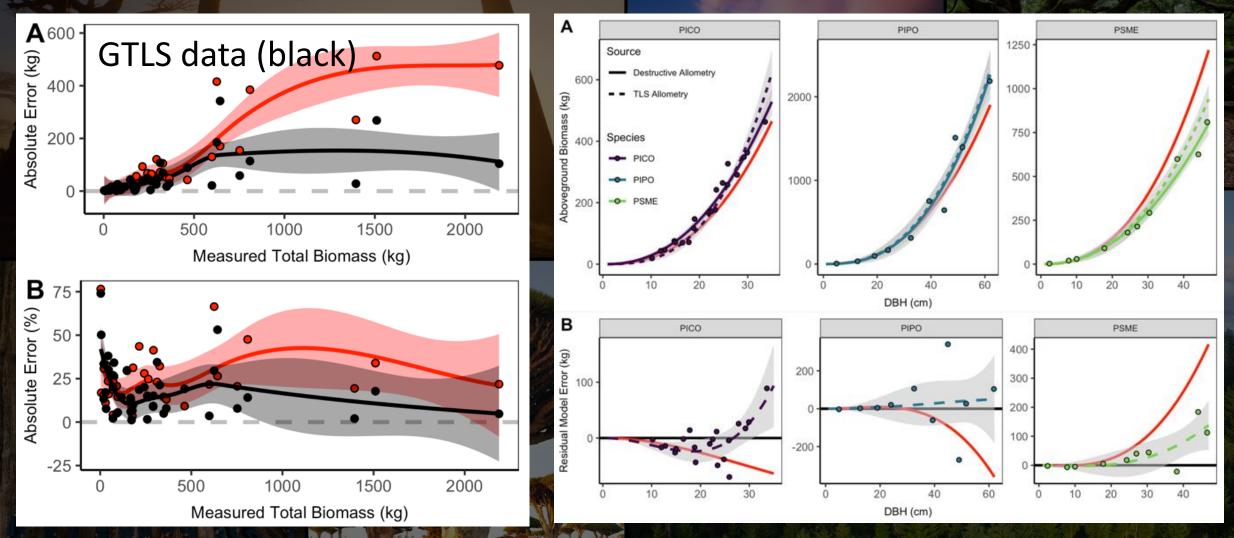


We are beginning to validate local and national-scale allometry at study sites in the GTLS database.



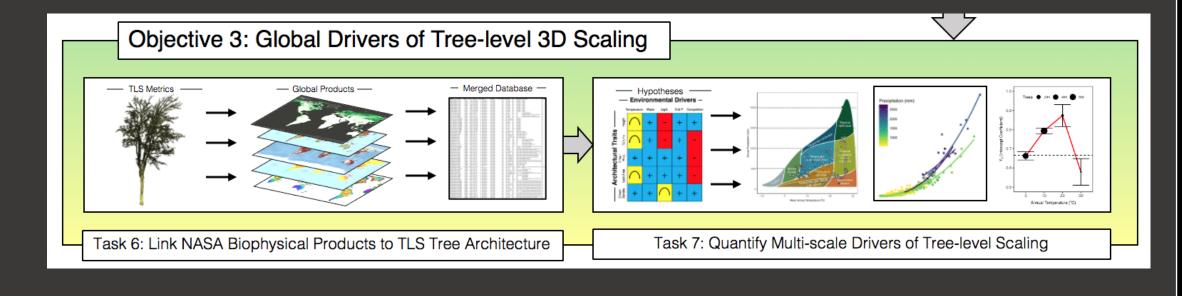


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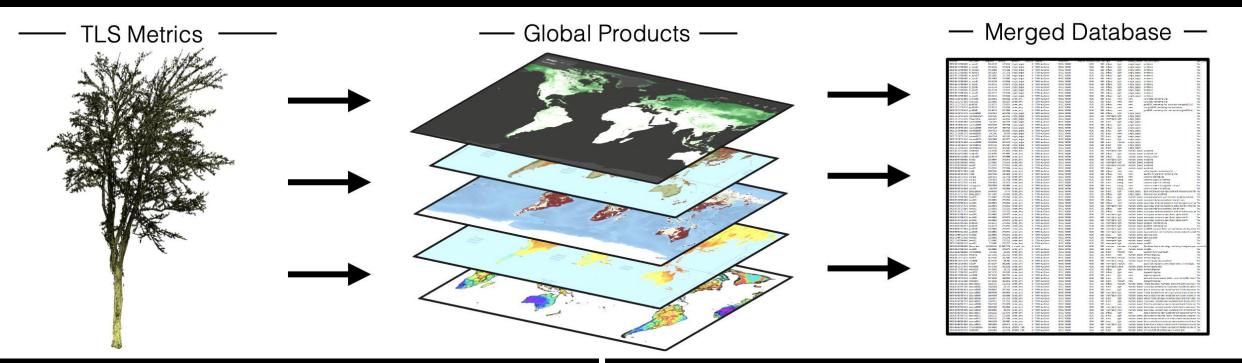
Stovall et al. (minor revisions!) at Methods in Ecology and Evolution

Disentangle the **dominant drivers** of **tree-level 3D ecosystem structure** with **multi-scale NASA remote sensing** products.



limelin	

	2021	2022				2023				2024		
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Postdoc Hired and Starts Work												
Field Campaign in South Africa												
3. Objective 3 - Disentangle the dominant controls of tree-level 3D ecosystem structure with multi-scale NASA remote sensing products.												
a. Task 6: Link global NASA datasets of key biophysical variables to TLS												
plot data.												
b. Task 7: Quantify multi-scale biophysical drivers of tree-level scaling												
relationships												



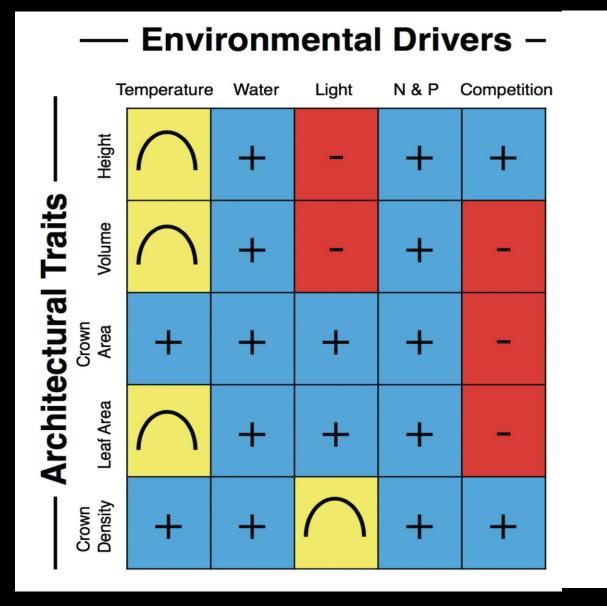
[i] temperature, [ii] water, [iii] light, [iv] nutrients, and [v] competition

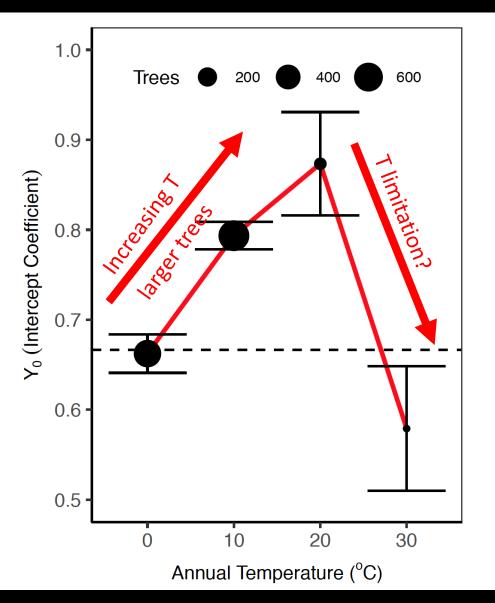
- NASA Global Modeling and Assimilation Office (GMAO) MERRA-2 Reanalysis Products
- Reprocessed GLDAS-2.0: Global Land Data Assimilation System
- NASA Digital Elevation Model
- MODIS APAR
- SRTM Continuous Heat-Insolation Load Index
- NASA-USDA Global soil moisture and the NASA-USDA SMAP Global soil moisture datasets.
- (TDX data augmentation funds now add TDX coherence data to this)



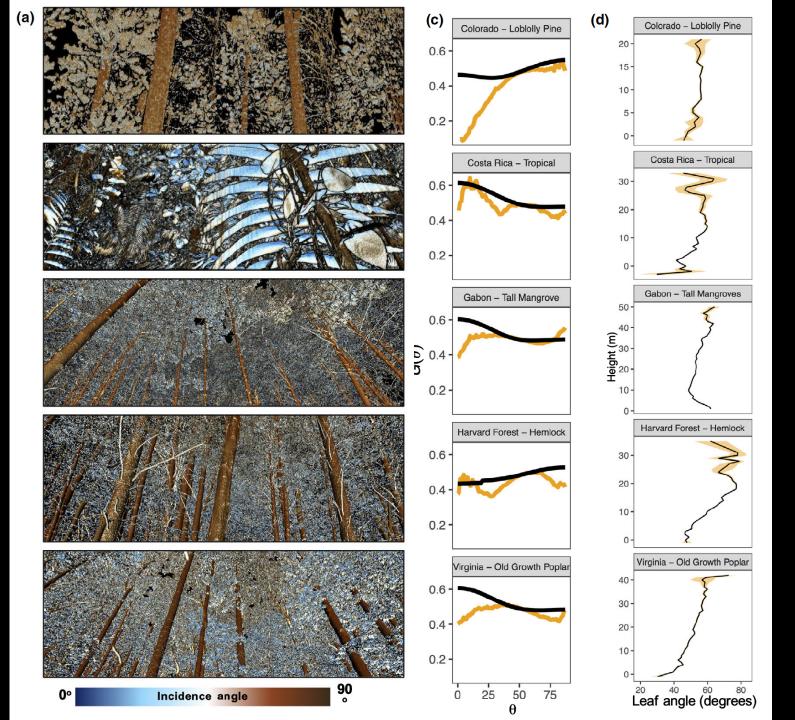
Abigail Barenblitt will be assembling the data-cube of environmental variables

We have a suite of hypotheses that we will test.



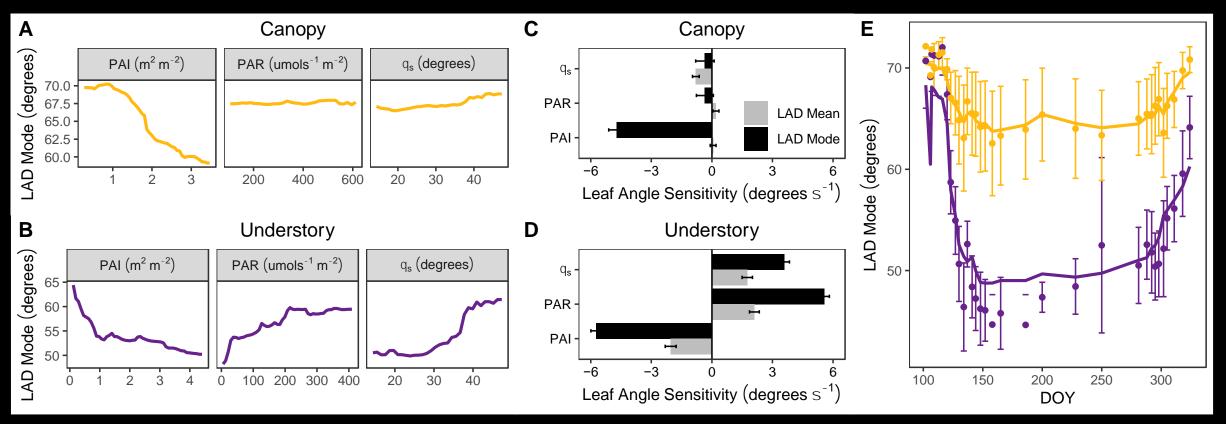


What environmental factors control leaf angle?





Leaf Angle is Adapting to the Environment



Sensitivity of [A] canopy and [B] understory leaf angle mode (the most commonly observed leaf angle) to seasonal shifts in plant area index (PAI), photosynthetically active radiation (PAR), and solar inclination angle (θ_s) .

Stovall et al. Submitted to PNAS

The first year has been productive (despite delays and COVID)

- Global TLS Database is growing in size and in membership
- New Postdoc is here and working!
- Awarded BioSCape funding (BioREACH) / planning 2023 campaign
- 2 Manuscripts submitted/in-review
 - Validating regional allometric scaling models
 - Linking variation in SBTs to environmental drivers

Looking forward to the next project year!

Thanks to all current contributors:

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NASA GSFC Terrestrial Ecosystem Research Network University College London

