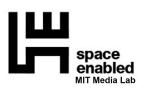
# Implementing the Yurok Natural Resources Portal as a decision support system to inform tribal resource management [Image Credit: USGS, Dept. the Interior, https://eros.usgs.gov/earth-art/kilimanjaro



# Implementing the Yurok Natural Resources Portal as a decision support system to inform tribal resource management

Danielle Wood (PI), Priscilla Baltezar, Lola Fatoyinbo, David Lagomasino, Seamus Lombardo, Chigo Ibeh, Molly Barth, David Bandrowki, Tim Hayden.









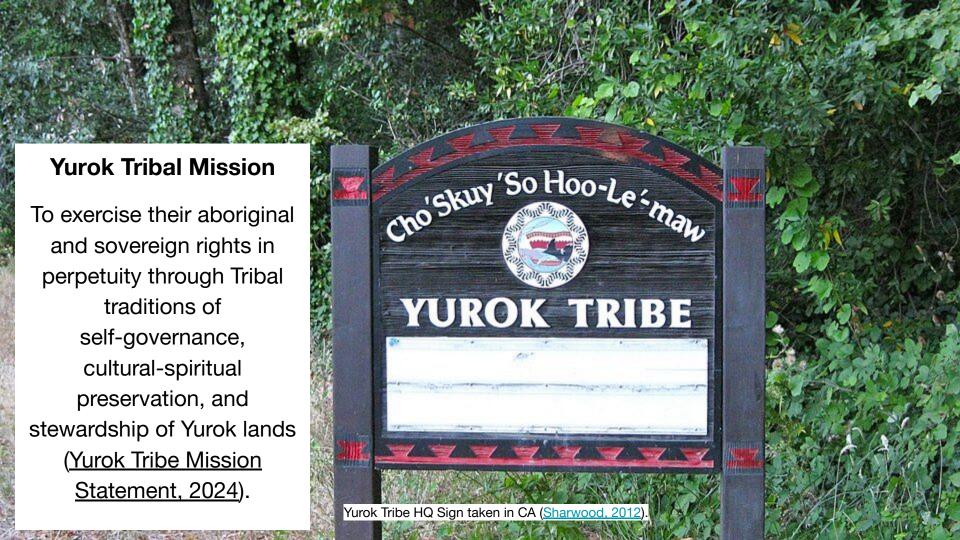


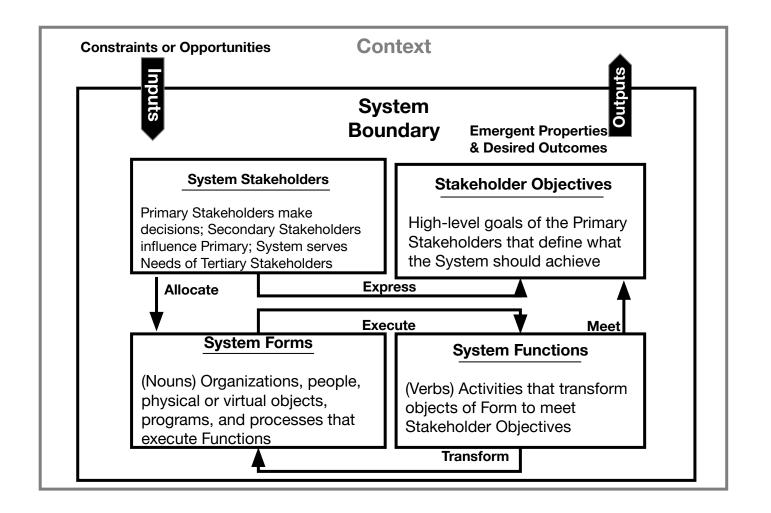
# Land Acknowledgement

Washington D.C. area sits on the ancestral lands of the Nacotchtank, Piscataway, and Pamunkey peoples.



Modified Copernicus Sentinel mosaic of Washington D.C. (2015), processed by ESA.





# External Context

### Inputs Yurok Natural Resources Portal

**Express** 

Execute

### Properties:

Yurok Tribe

Resources

Traditional

Division applies

revenue for the

tribe

National

**Emergent** 

#### System Stakeholders

- Primary: Yurok Tribe Carbon Project
   Manager & Natural Resources Division
- Secondary: Yurok Tribal Council, Yurok Government Teams, California Air Resources Board
  - **Tertiary** (Beneficiaries): Yurok Tribal Members, Carbon Offset Purchasers, General Public Impacted by Green House Gas Emissions

#### System Objectives

#### Provide information to inform the decisions by Yurok

Meet

- Tribe Carbon Project Manager:

  1. Primary Objective (In scope for this proposal):
  - Evaluate whether carbon offset forest parcels meet Minimum Baseline Level of Carbon
  - Secondary Objective (Future work beyond the proposal): Evaluate impacts of management

scenarios on future capability for forest parcels to meet Minimum Baseline Level of Carbon

3. Tertiary Objective (Future work beyond the proposal): Prioritize locations for future reacquisition and carbon offset approval

Ecological
Knowledge
augmented by
satellite data to
manage forests,
reacquire land
and generate

**Outputs** 

#### System Forms

- Data Sources: Optical, Radar and LIDAR sensors
- Data Visualization: Interactive website

Allocate

 Stakeholder Engagement: Stakeholder needs assessment meetings; design review

meetings; training and capability building

#### System Functions

- Estimate forest cover extent, forest height, NDVI anomaly and above ground biomass density
- Visualize indicators of human land use, including population and infrastructure

Transform

State Carbon
Offsets
program
allows Tribes
to participate
• NASA Earth
Observation
Datasets
provide
source of
independent

verification of

forest

outcomes

Constraints or

**Opportunities:** 

Yurok Tribe working to

reacquire

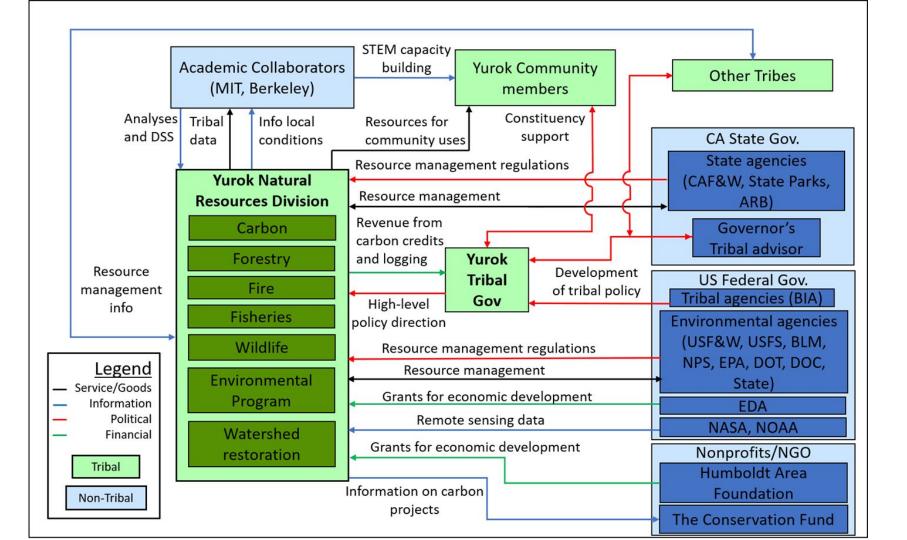
ancestral

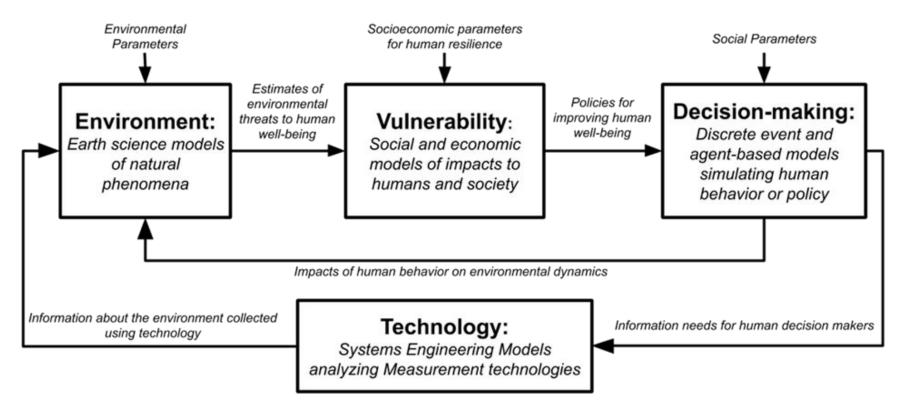
due to

territory lost

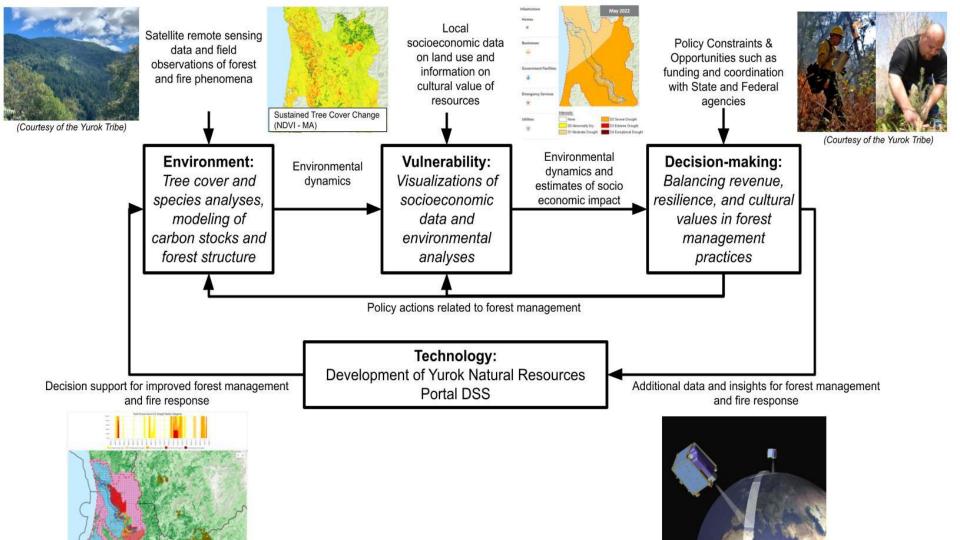
colonization

California

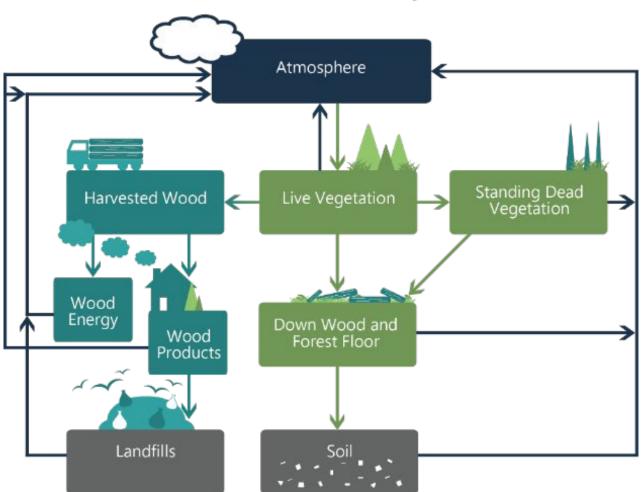




The EVDT (Environment-Vulnerability-Decision-Technology)
Modeling Framework of the Space Enabled Research Group



### Forest Sector Carbon Cycle





Improved Forest Management (IFM)
Avoided Conversion
Forest preservation to non-forest use
Forests restored on non-forested > 10

Increasing carbon sequestration above regional baseline, tree stocking, extended harvest rotations, and reduced timber harvesting

Forest preservation that would otherwise be conferred to non-forest use

Forests restored on land that have been non-forested > 10 years

# Decision Making Opportunities

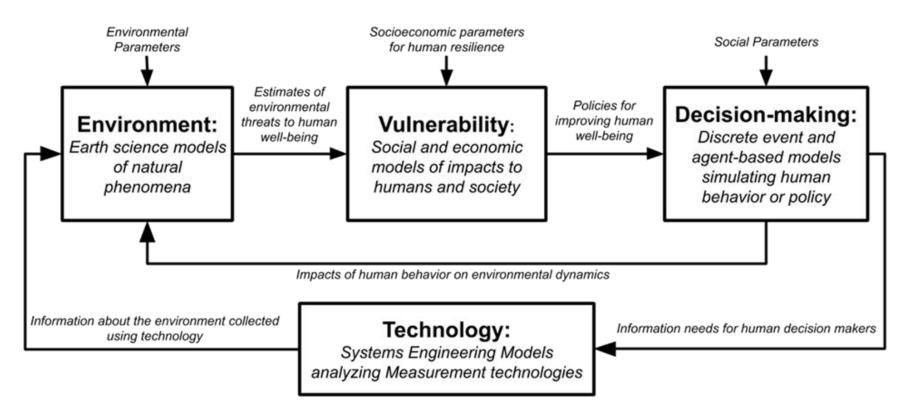
- To what extent do currently held forested land satisfy carbon storage expectations?
- What are the potential impacts of severe disturbances & historical/current forest management?
- Where can the Yurok Tribe prioritize land acquisition and why?



- Total study area is 1919 km2 (Ramos, 2021)
- Ecosystem type: California Coastal Redwood Forest and Mediterranean California and Mixed Evergreen Forest
- CARB Improved F. Mngt. Plots
  - CAFR0064-Early Action
  - CAFR5011-Compliance
  - CAFR5090-Compliance
- Ke'pel Creek
  - 2,424 acres plot repatriated to tribe



Credit: Yurok G.I.T Department

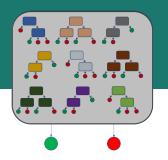


The EVDT (Environment-Vulnerability-Decision-Technology)
Modeling Framework of the Space Enabled Research Group

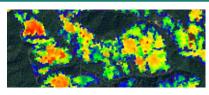
#### Random Forest Land Cover Mapping

Establish forest cover extent using a multi-sensor multi-temporal supervised classification approach

Random Forest Classification Model



#### Research Activity 2



# LandTrendr Temporal Segmentation

Landsat-based Detection of Trends in Disturbance and Recovery (LandTrendr) algorithm selected to analyze the magnitude of change and the year of change in forest areas.

<u>Temporal Segmentation & Change</u>

Detection



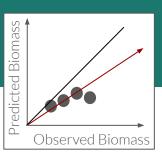
#### Research Activity 3

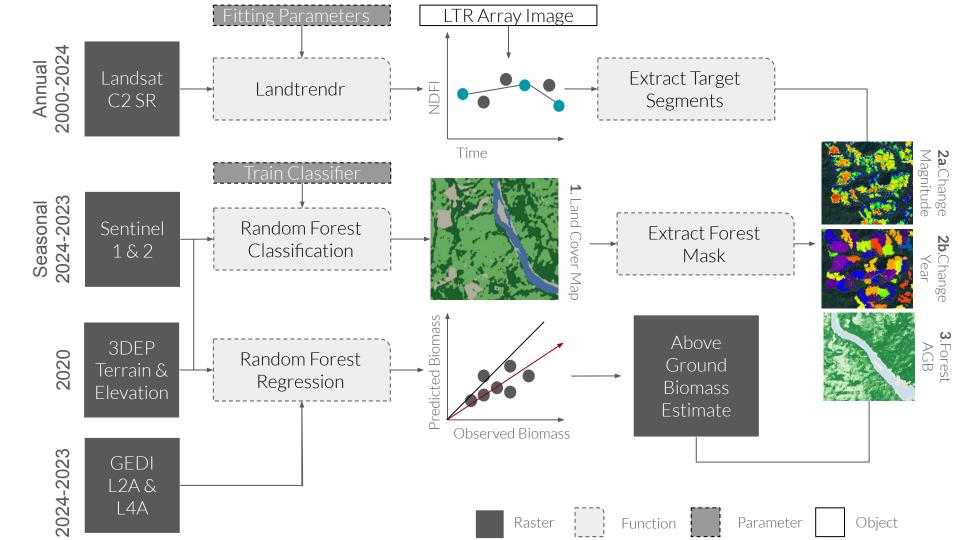


## **GEDI Above Ground Biomass Modeling**

Estimate AGB to understand forest carbon stocks using Global Ecosystem Dynamics Investigation (GEDI) LiDAR instrument, Sentinel-2 optical using a Random Forest Regression (RFR).

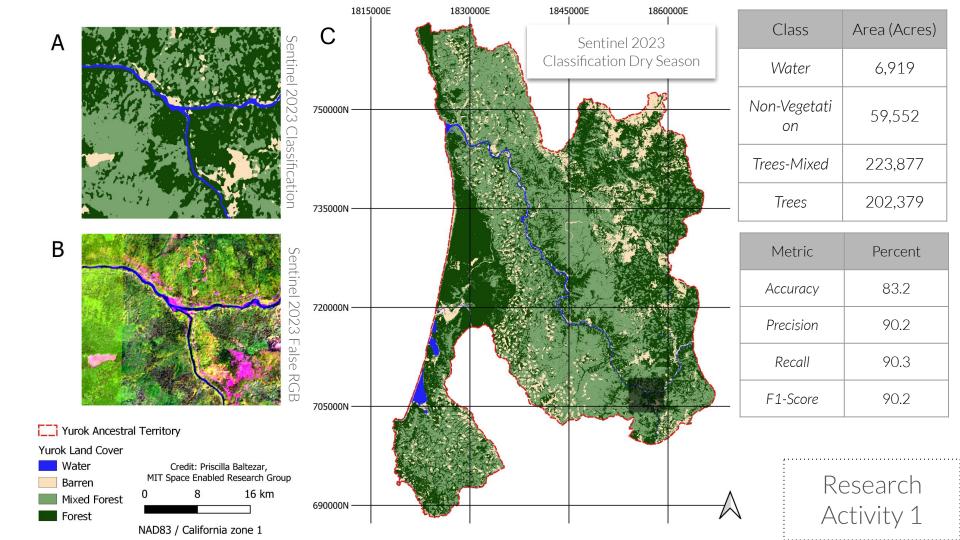
Random Forest Regression

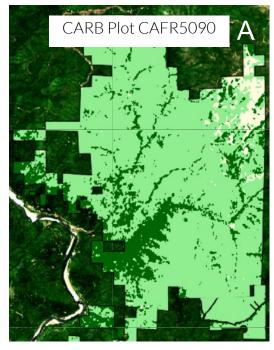


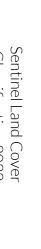


Land Cover Land Use Mapping

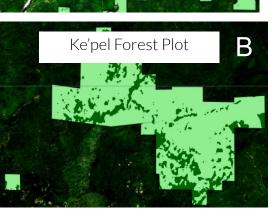
- Input: Sentinel-2,
   Sentinel-1, 3DEP DEM,
   3DEP Slope, 3DEP Aspect
- Output: Random forest model and land cover classification for 2023 May-Oct

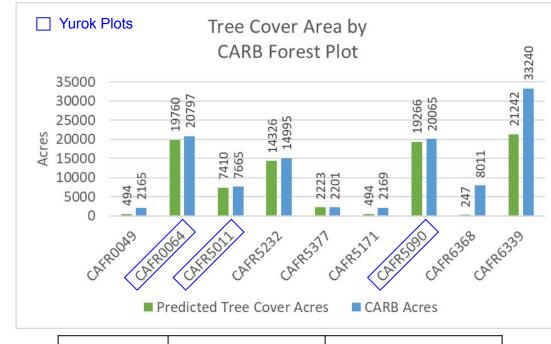






Sentinel Land Cover Classification 2023





Project	Predicted Tree Cover Km2	Predicted Tree Cover Acres
Ke'pel Creek	11	2718.16

Research Activity 1 shows extent estimates that align well with the CARB third-party extent estimates

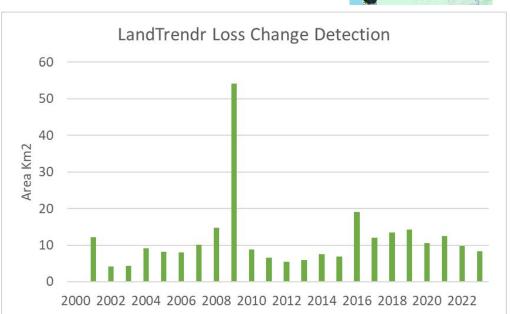
LandTrendR Year of Maximum Loss and Change Magnitude

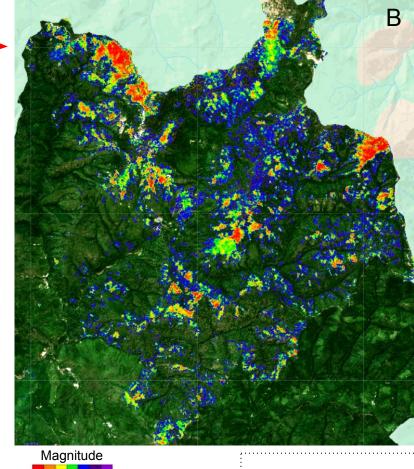
- Input: Landsat Array Annual Image Stack, Index: Normalized Difference Fraction Index, forest mask
- Output: Magnitude of Maximum Loss and Year of Maximum Loss

### LandTrendr Change Detection

- Year with greatest loss detected in 2009
- Loss was detected as a high magnitude Event in Yurok territory in North West corner

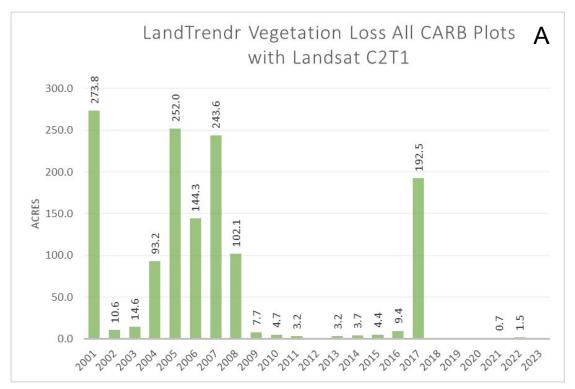




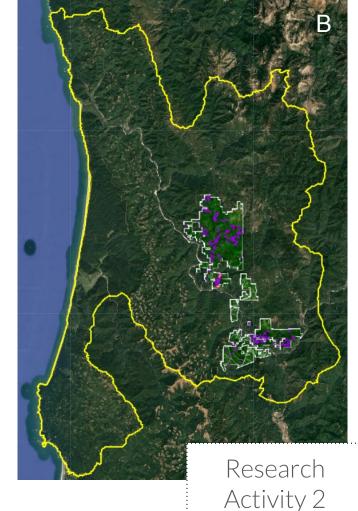




Research Activity 2

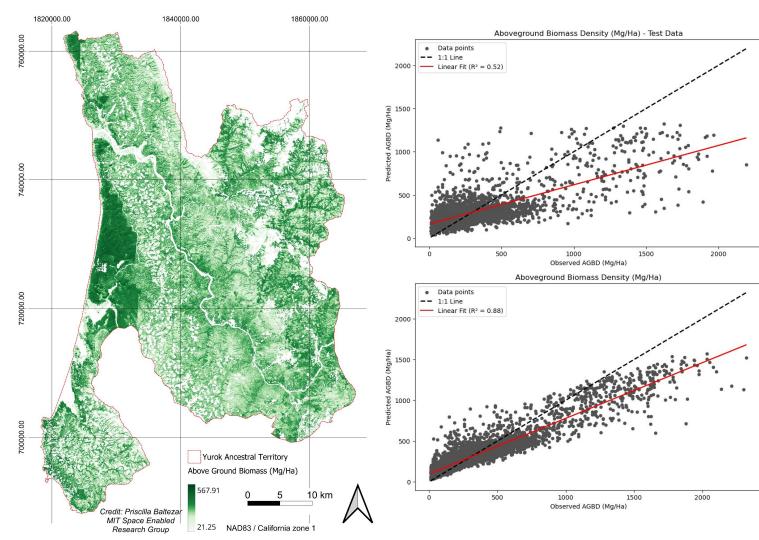


Most recent loss occurred in 2017 in forest with most disturbance found in CARB Plot ID CAFR5011



GEDI Above Ground Biomass Modeling

- Input: GEDI L4A, Sentinel-2, Sentinel-1, 3DEP DEM, 3DEP Slope, 3DEP Aspect, forest mask
- Output: Above Ground Biomass raster estimate for study area (1,919 km2)

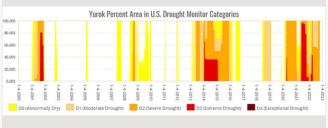


AGBD Metric	Value
Mean	457.04
Median	256.65
Standard Deviation	450.14
Min	22.29
Max	2122.35

Research
Activity 3
shows initial
methods to
build a
LiDAR-based
AGBD

#### **Environmental Data**

## Historical Drought Intensity - Yurok Tribal Area

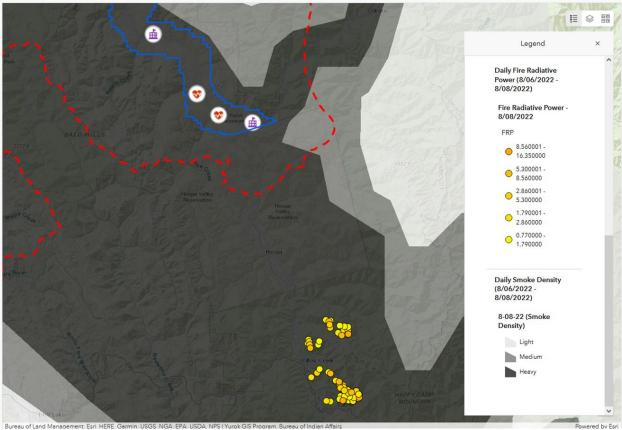


## Historical Drought Intensity - Yurok Tribal Area Socioeconomic Data

#### **Emergency Assistance Funds**

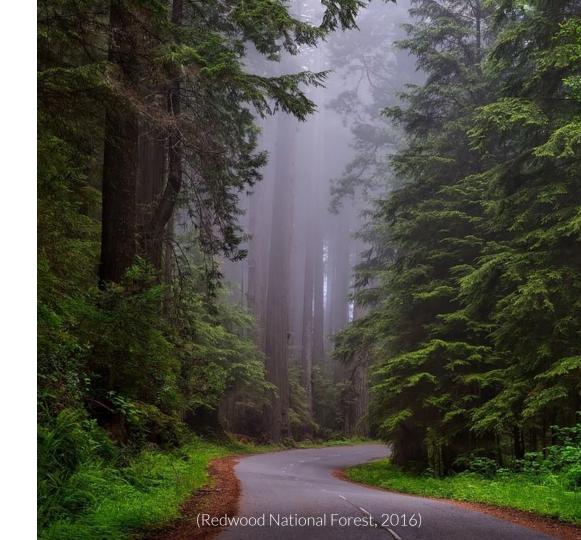
Requested Emergency Assistance	Available funds per Tribal Member
Food/Clothing/Hygiene	\$80
Fuel/Utilities	\$300
Shelter/Rent/Mortgage Assistance	\$500
Vehicle/Home Repair	\$500
Medical Transportation	\$350

#### Geospatial data: environmental and socioeconomic





- ~86.5% of Yurok ancestral territory is forested (~426,256 acres)
- Yurok Tribe holistically manages 75,000 acres of forested areas
- Around 65,730 acres of forest area were lost from 2000 to 2023
- Large disturbance event detected in 2009 in territory and in 2017 for Yurok CARB Forest Plots



### References

Kennedy, R.E., Yang, Z., Gorelick, N., Braaten, J., Cavalcante, L., Cohen, W.B., Healey, S. (2018). Implementation of the LandTrendr Algorithm on Google Earth Engine. Remote Sensing. 10, 691.