Integrating Remote Sensing and Biodiversity Observations to Map and Monitor Plant Taxonomic, Phylogenetic, and Functional β-diversity in the Greater Cape Floristic Region





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Ecology & Conservation Biology Stellenbosch

forward together sonke siva phambili saam vorentoe







Biodiversity modeling pipeline to map communitycomposition *Essential Biodiversity Variables* 



#### How does our ability to measure community composition using remote sensing vary across levels of biological organization?



# How does phylogenetic scale influence remote sensing of community composition?



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#### Modeling achievements

- "Balanced" Gradient Forest (bGF) algorithm
- Updates to "sparse" GDM algorithm for use with different species occurrence data types (presence-absence, abundance)
- Transitioned the GDM R package to *terra* functionality for much faster processing of large remote sensing datasets

- Processing NASA Harmonized Landsat and Sentinel-2 (HLS) remote sensing data
- Developing our modeling pipeline using NEON vegetation plots and AOP (Imaging spectroscopy and LiDAR) data

#### **Gradient Forest Models**





Gradient Forest model provides inference on which remote sensing variable is most important for each species & the community overal



## Fitted functions rescale remote sensing data to represent overall emergent patterns of community composition

Bi-plot of expected community composition in each pixel



Map of expected community composition in each pixel



RGB image